

Women watch the advertising columns of the daily newspapers more than men do, because upon them devolves the necessity of spending the family income to the best advantage, which commonly means making one dollar do the work of two.—The Fourth Estate.

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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## HIGH-HANDED OUTRAGES IN MANCHURIA

Neither Russians Nor Japs Respect Rights of European Residents.

### LIFE AND PROPERTY UNSAFE AT PRESENT

SERIOUS STATE OF AFFAIRS CERTAIN TO RESULT UNLESS POWERS LISTEN TO CHINA.

London, April 18.—A particularly interesting description of conditions in Harbin and Mukden, in view of the recent discussion over the government of Harbin and the trouble with Japanese at the American consulate in Mukden, is contained in a letter written by a correspondent at Peking of the Reuter News agency. The letter, dated March 29, follows:

"During a recent tour in Manchuria I visited Harbin. A remarkable state of affairs exists there. The Russian town is governed and dominated by a private railway company, the Chinese Eastern railway, the chairman of which styles himself the 'civil governor.' The government of the company is not regarded as satisfactory.

#### Life and Property Unsafe.

"Neither life nor property is safe, and it is as much as a man's life is worth to venture out after dark. It is impossible to send a telegram after the sun has gone down, as nobody can be induced to risk his life for love or money to go to the Imperial Chinese telegraph administration, which is in the Chinese town some distance away, nor can a telegram be delivered in the Russian town after dark for the same reason. The Russian railway telegraph works indifferently. It is often found that a letter is delivered more quickly than a telegram. What strikes one most about the Russian town is the absence of any police in the streets, and the soldiers who are there do no police work, much as it is needed. Trade is at a standstill, and will probably continue so as long as present conditions last. The Russians themselves grumble at the lack of money in the place. Fires are constant, and in a good many cases arson, with a view to securing insurance money, is suspected. The Chinese town is in a much better condition and is policed.

#### Railway the Whole Thing.

"The main topic of conversation was that of the new municipal regulations whereby the railway was to hand over its arbitrarily exercised functions to a kind of municipal court, consisting of sixty persons, and a town council consisting of a chairman and five members, two of them being appointed by the railway, the company exercising at the same time the rights of supervision, review and veto. It would also be necessary to obtain the consent of the railway administration before the municipal body could enter into relations with the Chinese government.

"Should these municipal regulations be enforced in spite of the protest which the Chinese government has made to the different foreign powers, a serious state of affairs will result, trade and business development will be cramped and a precedent created for the Japanese to do the same in south Manchuria.

#### Japs Insult Europeans.

"One of the chief things which strikes the visitor to Mukden and south Manchuria is that the Japanese are pouring into that country are not by any means of the right class. During the war the Chinese and others looked on the Japanese as their saviors and welcomed them; but later experiences have changed all that. In the streets one sees many Japanese drunk and disorderly, and their behavior to Europeans is often one of open insult. An English resident told me that one night as he was driving through the city in his car a Japanese suddenly sprang onto it and insisted on sitting on the shaft. The man refused to get down when asked to do so, and only yielded to force. Ladies complain of the rudeness of Japanese letter carriers, who push Chinese servants aside and burst into their drawing rooms and throw down the floor or on tables their bundle of letters. The Chinese complain that the Japanese do not pay their house rent. More serious still is the presence of a social evil of the worst sort, from which the Japanese authorities derive revenue."

#### ANTI-TAFT NEGROES.

Norfolk, Va., April 18.—Alleging that federal officeholders took "illegal control" of city, county and district conventions, as well as the recent Republican state convention in order to complete the "Lilly White" organization, the negroes of Virginia have called district conventions and a state convention, the latter to meet at Richmond, May 14, to elect contesting anti-Taft delegates to Chicago.

## TOBACCO TRUST WILL TAKE CHANCES WITHOUT VOLUNTARY DISSOLUTION

New York, April 18.—There is absolutely no foundation whatever for a report that the American Tobacco company is about to be voluntarily dissolved, according to a statement made today by Caleb C. Dula, vice president of the company. Mr. Dula's statement was made after the return to this city of James B. Duke, after a visit to California. Mr. Duke declared that the investigation of the company's affairs by the government has resulted in showing "unmistakably that the company has not in any respect violated the anti-trust law," or any other law.

"This story of voluntary dissolution

## EASTER ANTHEMS TODAY ACCLAIM THE RISEN LORD



CHOIR BOYS AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

**EASTERTIDE**

87.8.7.7.7.

34 He is ris-en, He is ris-en; Tell it out with joy-ful voice:

### BURNED TO DEATH IN JAIL.

Seneca, Kan., April 18.—James Lally, charged with murder, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed the jail here early today. When the fire was discovered the sheriff found Lally unconscious in his cell and carried him out. He is believed to have set fire to his bed with suicidal intent.

Lally was awaiting trial on the charge of having killed Herbert Jordan, a newspaper man and former secretary to Governor W. J. Bailey of Kansas, in Sabetha the night of Feb. 14. He was 21 years old. The other prisoners were rescued unharmed.

## OREGON LEGISLATURE MAY ELECT A DEMOCRAT IN PLACE OF FULTON

Latter Has Been Beaten in the Primaries and the Winner Has Governor Chamberlain Against Him.

Portland, Ore., April 18.—Election returns received this morning do not change the result of the primaries held in this state yesterday. It may be that returns from counties distant from telegraphic communication may show some changes, but the best information now at hand indicates the selection of H. M. Calkins for the Republican nomination for United States senator over Senator Charles W. Fulton; and that W. R. Ellis, incumbent, has defeated former Governor T. T. Geer and George S. Shepherd for the nomination for representative from the Second district. W. C. Hawley is the choice of the people for the nomination for representative from the First district without opposition.

Robert S. Bean was nominated for justice of the supreme court without opposition. The campaign leading up to the primaries was undoubtedly one of the most bitter ever fought in Oregon, especially in the race for the senator-

ship. In this contest Francis J. Heney, the San Francisco lawyer, played an important part. He journeyed all the way from that city to address the people of Oregon against Fulton, whom he fought bitterly for the latter's alleged misconduct in the office which he now holds. It is certain that in some sections where Fulton was looked upon as well fortified that he ran behind his opponent.

#### Fulton Surely Defeated.

Returns up to noon from various sections of the state show Calkins running well ahead of Fulton, and indications are he will have over 6,000 majority. In Multnomah county Calkins has a lead of about 2,500, and for congress in the Second district Shepherd is about 1,500 votes ahead of former Governor Geer and Representative W. R. Ellis. However, he is running far ahead of his opponents in the county counties, and will probably be nominated with a majority of about 2,000 votes.

#### Statement No. 1, which pledges leg-

islators who were nominated on that feature to vote for the candidate for the United States senate who receives the largest vote in the June election, apparently has won out. If later returns confirm this forecast, a peculiar condition will be presented in that the legislature, which will be Republican, may elect as Democratic United States Senator George E. Chamberlain, who is now governor of Oregon.

### CAUCUS AND CURRENCY BILL

Assurance Given by the Republican "Whip" That Both Are on the Schedule.

Washington, April 18.—The caucus of Republican leaders of the house which had been tentatively called for next Tuesday evening, has been postponed on account of the delay in reporting the sundry civil appropriation bill. It is considered desirable that this bill shall have immediate attention when reported, and that no other measure, such as a financial or currency bill, should be brought in even by a Republican caucus in advance of this important supply measure.

### ROUGH RIDER HOOKS ON TO FEDERAL JOB

Washington, April 18.—The president nominated Guy Murchie of Boston to be United States marshal of Massachusetts. Murchie served with the rough riders in the Cuban campaign. Since the war he has been prominent in the state militia, and was appointed on the staff of Governor Guild last year as an aide de camp, with the rank of captain. In February, 1907, President Roosevelt officiated as godfather for his child.

### WILL FAVOR DIVORCE.

New York, April 18.—The report of Referee David McClure, who heard the evidence in the suit of Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt for divorce, is expected to be filed with the supreme court on Monday. It is believed that the granting of a divorce will be recommended by the referee, whose report will have to be either confirmed or disapproved by a justice of the supreme court.

### FOUR LIVES LOST AND GREAT DAMAGE DONE BY FLOODS AT FORT WORTH, TEX.

Fort Worth, Tex., April 18.—Another rise of three feet in Clear and West Fork forced thousands of persons to flee from their homes in East Fort Worth today. So far as known four persons have lost their lives. The rise was so rapid that people were obliged to leave their furniture and personal effects. At least 2,000 persons have been rendered homeless, and all streams are still rising. Railroad service is badly crippled, and the Texas & Pacific road reports that it will not be able to send out trains west for two or three days. The Fort Worth & Rio Grande and the Santa Fe roads are running very few trains. Five hundred delegates to the state labor convention are weatherbound here. A cloudburst in Parker and Palo Pinto counties last night will probably send the Brazos

## NEW YORKERS HEAR BRYAN AND APPLAUD

Nebraskan's Trip a Reminder of the Campaigns in Past Years.

### HOLDS CONFERENCE WITH BIRD S. COLER

LATTER, IN AN IMPORTANT ADDRESS, PREDICTS SUCCESS FOR DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Glens Falls, N. Y., April 18.—After a long swing across the Empire state today on a trip that recalled the campaigns of eight and twelve years ago, William J. Bryan reached here tonight and, after a lecture at the Empire theatre, held a conference with Bird S. Coler, president of the borough of Brooklyn. Mr. Bryan's day was filled with incidents which were regarded by many politicians who gathered here tonight to confer with him as forecasting political events of moment in the coming presidential campaign in New York state. Mr. Bryan left Rochester, N. Y., early today, but before he left he held a conference with Peter Keefe, state committeeman of the Independence league, the nature of which was not disclosed. En route here Mr. Bryan left the train at Albany, where he was the guest of Comptroller Martin H. Glynn at luncheon, after which he left for this city.

#### Not Interfering.

He carefully refrained throughout the day from giving expression to any opinions on state or national issues. He also declined to make any comments in regard to the recent Democratic state convention in New York. It is understood, however, that he was made acquainted with the action taken at the convention, instead of the McCarren delegation. While Mr. Bryan would make no statement concerning the political outlook in New York state, Mr. Coler, after a conference with the presidential Democratic candidate, said:

#### Heard Without Comment.

The situation with regard to the unseating of the McCarren delegation was brought to Mr. Bryan's attention by Mr. Coler. It was learned, and Mr. Bryan was further informed, that McCarren had indicated that he would send a contesting delegation to Denver. What opinions he drew from what he learned could not be ascertained as he resolutely declined to make any public statement.

Mr. Bryan was enthusiastically welcomed here on his arrival, and more than a thousand people filled the Empire theatre tonight to hear his lecture on "The Old World and Its Ways." Mr. Bryan confined himself strictly to the subject of his lecture, which was made up of incidents which developed during his recent trip around the world. In the course of the address he declared that war with Japan was neither a possibility nor a probability.

"I do not see any cause for war with Japan," said Mr. Bryan, "other than to furnish an excuse for a new battleship or for a larger navy."

#### Bird Coler's Speech.

An impromptu political meeting followed the lecture, at the Rockwell house, where Mr. Bryan was a guest, and Mr. Coler made a speech in which he declared that Mr. Bryan would be the next president of the United States. Mr. Coler said:

"Mr. Bryan stands today in complete control of the Democratic party, in spite of the fact that the bosses are opposed to him almost unanimously, and he so stands because among the Democratic voters there is an agreement with him as to the things for which the Democratic party should stand in this republic of ours. He has come through every fight stronger than before. He has been consistent in all things. Those things which he stood for at the beginning he still believes to be right, and he had the courage to say so. The Democracy of the country under his leadership will this fall win a signal victory and restore to the hands of the plain people the control of the machinery of the government."

### EQUIPMENT MORTGAGE.

Bellefonte, Ill., April 18.—A first lien equipment mortgage for \$30,000,000 was filed for record here today by the Illinois Central railroad. The mortgage is held by the United States Trust company of New York, and is secured by an issue of 4 per cent gold bonds, redeemable Jan. 1, 1923.

The mortgage covers the entire rolling stock of the company, including 967 locomotive engines, 335 passenger cars and 4,875 freight cars. The mortgage consists of 100 printed pages, and the recording fee is \$36. It will be filed for record in every county through which the Illinois Central passes.